SIEMENS 7550



Burner Management System

LMV5...

LMV50... Burner management system with integrated fuel / air ratio control and load

control for use with forced draft burners. With specific functions for industrial

applications.

LMV51... Burner management system with integrated fuel / air ratio control and load

control for use with forced draft burners.

LMV52... Burner management system with integrated fuel / air ratio control and load

control for use with forced draft burners including oxygen trim control.

The LMV5... and this Data Sheet are intended for use by OEMs which integrate

the burner management systems in their products!

Use

LMV5... is a microprocessor-based burner management system with matching system components for the control and supervision of forced draft burners of medium to high capacity.

Notes



Warning!

The safety, warning and technical notes given in the Basic Documentation on the LMV5 (P7550) apply fully to the present document also!

Based on the following software versions:

LMV50...: V10.30 LMV51...: V05.20 LMV51.3...: V05 20 LMV52.2..: V05.20 LMV52.4...: V10.30 Int. LR module: V02 10 Int. VSD module: V01.50 AZL52...: V05.10 PLL52...: V01.50

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Applied directives:

Low-voltage directive

Directive for gas-fired appliances

Directive for pressure devices

97/23/EC and 2014/68/EC (2016-07-16)

Electromagnetic compatibility EMC (immunity) *)

Compliance with the regulations of the applied directives is verified by the adherence to the following standards / regulations:

Automatic burner control systems for burners and appliances burning gaseous or liquid fuels

DIN EN 298

2014/35/EC

2009/142/EC

2014/30/EC

Safety and control devices for gas burners and gas burning appliances - Valve proving systems for automatic shut-off valves

DIN EN 1643

Gas/air ratio controls for gas burners and gas burning appliances

DIN EN 12067-2

Part 2: Electronic types

Safety and control devices for gas burners and gas burning appliances - General requirements

DIN EN 13611

Safety and control devices for gas and/or oil burners and gas and/or oil appliances -- Particular requirements Part 1: Fuel-air ratio controls, electronic type

ISO 23552-1

Automatic electrical controls for household and similar use Part 2-5:

DIN EN 60730-2-5

Particular requirements for automatic electrical burner control systems

The relevant valid edition of the standards can be found in the declaration of conformity!



Note on **DIN EN 60335-2-102**

Household and similar electrical appliances - Safety - Part 2-102:

Particular requirements for gas, oil and solid-fuel burning appliances having electrical connections.

The electrical connections of the LMV5 and the PLL5 comply with the requirements of EN 60335-2-102.



ISO 9001:2008 ISO 14001:2004 OHSAS 18001:2007

^{*)} The compliance with EMC emission requirements must be checked after the burner management system is installed in equipment

Standards and certificates (cont'd)

		Euro	pe		Eurasian		USA		Australia		Ships
Туре	Δ̈ TÜV	TÜV	<u>DIN</u> Gepraft	DVGW	ERC	!	CSA	FM APPROVED	The Australian of the Control of the	Lloyd's Register	GL
LMV50.320B2	•	•	•	•	•					•	•
LMV51.000C2	•	•	•	•	•				•	•	•
LMV51.040C1					•	•	•	•	•	•	
LMV51.100C1	•	•	•	•	•				•	•	•
LMV51.100C2	•	•	•	•	•				•	•	•
LMV51.140C1					•	•	•	•	•	•	
LMV51.300B1	•	•	•	•	•				•	•	•
LMV51.300B2	•	•	•	•	•				•	•	•
LMV51.340B1					•	•	•	•	•	•	
LMV52.200B1	•	•	•	•	•				•	•	•
LMV52.200B2	•	•	•	•	•				•	•	•
LMV52.240B1					•	•	•	•	•	•	
LMV52.240B2					•				•	•	
LMV52.400B2	•	•	•	•	•				•	•	•
LMV52.440B1					•			•	•	•	
LMV5 system	compor	nents:									
AZL52	•	•	•	•	•	•	•			•	•
SQM45/48	•	•	•	•	•	•			•	•	•
SQM9	•	•		•	•	•					
QRI2	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	•	•
QRA7	•	•	•	•	•	•	•			•	•
PLL52	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•		
QGO20		•	•	•	•		•				



Note!

When using the LMV5... in Australia, we strongly recommend that you use a *BASE PAR GAS.par* file to adapt the parameter set to the specific requirements of the Australian market. Please direct any queries to Siemens Australia.



Note!

With regard to the use of the LMV5... in safety-related systems up to SIL3, a manufacturer's declaration from Siemens AG is available.

Supplementary documentation

Type of product	Type of documentation	No. of documentation
AZL5	User Documentation	A7550
LMV5	User Manual Basic diagram of LMV5 for 2 types of gas	A7550.1
LMV5	User Manual Basic diagram of LMV5 for 2 types of liquid fuel	A7550.3
LMV5	User Manual Assembly of VKF41C gas damper with ASK33.4 mounting kit to the SQM45.295A9 actuator	A7550.4
LMV52	User Manual COx supervision and control	A7550.5
LMV5	Setting Lists (parameter and error list)	17550
ACS450	Installation Guide	J7550
LMV5	Installation Guide	J7550.1
LMV5	Basic Documentation	P7550
LMV5	Product Range Overview This document contains a complete overview	Q7550
AZL52 / LMV51	User Manual	U7550
AZL52 / LMV51	User Manual	U7550.1
AZL52 / LMV52	User Manual	U7550.2
AZL52 / LMV52	User Manual	U7550.3
AZL52 / LMV50	User Manual	U7550.4
AZL52 / LMV50	User Manual	U7550.5
SQM45 / SQM48	Data Sheet	N7814
SQM9	Data Sheet	N7818
QGO20	Data Sheet	N7842
QGO20	Basic Documentation	P7842

Life cycle

The LMV5... burner control has a designed lifetime* of 250,000 burner startup cycles which, under normal operating conditions in heating mode, correspond to approx. 10 years of usage (starting from the production date given on the type field). This is based on the continuous tests specified in standards EN 298. A summary of the conditions has been published by the European Control Manufacturers Association (Afecor - www.afecor.org).

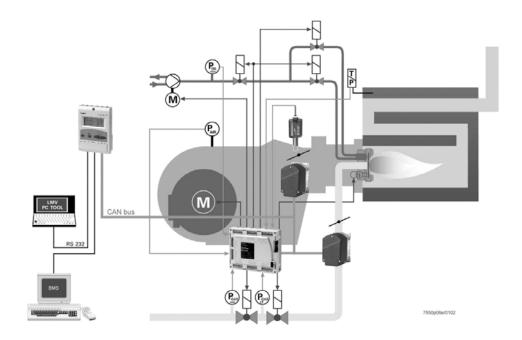
The designed lifetime is based on use of the LMV5 according to the manufacturer's Data Sheet and Basic Documentation. After reaching the designed lifetime in terms of the number of burner startup cycles, or the respective time of usage, the LMV5 is to be replaced by authorized personnel.

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^{*} The designed lifetime is not the warranty time specified in the Terms of Delivery

The following components are integrated in the LMV5...:

- Burner control with gas valve proving system
- · Electronic fuel-air ratio control for:
 - A maximum of 4 actuators for LMV50... / LMV51...
 - A maximum of 6 actuators for LMV52...
- Optional PID temperature or pressure controller (boiler controller / load controller)
- Optional VSD module



Example:

Dual-fuel burner
- Gas: Modulating
- Oil: 2-stage

The system components (AZL5..., actuators, O2 module, etc.) are interconnected via a bus system. Communication between the bus users takes place via a safety-related, system-bound data bus (for safety reasons, integration of the bus into external CAN bus systems is not possible). All safety-related digital outputs of the system are permanently monitored via a contact feedback network. For flame supervision in connection with the LMV5... and continuous operation, the infrared flame detector type QRI... / flame detector QRA7... or an ionization probe can be used, for intermittent operation, optical flame detectors QRB... / QRA2... / QRA4.U / QRA10... with AGQ1... (AC 230 V).

The LMV5... is operated and programmed with the help of the AZL5... or a PC software. The AZL5... with LCD clear text and menu-driven operation affords straightforward operation and targeted diagnostics. For making diagnostics, the LCD shows the operating states, the type of fault and the point in time the fault occurred. The parameter setting levels for the burner / boiler manufacturer and heating engineer are password-protected to prevent unauthorized access.

Basic settings that the plant operator can make on site do not require a password. Also, the AZL5... is used as an interface for superposed systems such as a building automation and control system (BACS), or for a PC using the ACS450 software. Among other features, the unit affords convenient readout of settings and operating states, parameterization of the LMV5..., and trend recording. When replacing the LMV5..., all parameters can be saved in a backup memory of the AZL5... to be loaded back into the LMV5...

This means that reprogramming is not required.

When designing the fuel trains, the burner / boiler manufacturer can choose from a total of 7 valve families. The large number of individual parameterization choices (program times, configuration of inputs / outputs, etc.) enable him to make optimum adaptions to the specific application.

The universal SQM4... / SQM9... actuators are driven by stepper motors and can be positioned with high resolution. The characteristics and settings of the actuators are defined by the LMV5...

Type summary

Type reference	Mains voltage	Parameter set	Max. number of actuators	Automatic adaptation of controller's characteristics	Limit thermostat	Fuel meter input	Integrated gas valve proving	Integrated PID load controller	Control of VSD	Analog output	O2 trim control	Safety time TSAmax.
LMV50.320B2	AC 230 V	LMV50	5 *)	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		10 s 15 s
LMV51.000C2	AC 230 V	Europe	4				•					10 s 15 s
LMV51.040C1	AC 120 V	US / Canada	4				•					10 s 15 s
LMV51.100C1	AC 120 V	Europe	4	•	•		•	•		•		10 s 15 s
LMV51.100C2	AC 230 V	Europe	4	•	•		•	•		•		10 s 15 s
LMV51.140C1	AC 120 V	US / Canada	4	•	•		•	•		•		10 s 15 s
LMV51.300B1	AC 120 V	Europe	5 *)	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		10 s 15 s
LMV51.300B2	AC 230 V	Europe	5 *)	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		10 s 15 s
LMV51.340B1	AC 120 V	US / Canada	5 *)	•	•	•	•	•	•			10 s 15 s
LMV52.200B1	AC 120 V	Europe	6	•	•	•	•	•	•			10 s 15 s
LMV52.200B2	AC 230 V	Europe	6	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	10 s 15 s
LMV52.240B1	AC 120 V	US / Canada	6	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	10 s 15 s
LMV52.240B2	AC 230 V	US / Canada	6	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	10 s 15 s
LMV52.400B2	AC 230 V	Europe	6	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	10 s 15 s
LMV52.440B1	AC 120 V	US / Canada	6	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	10 s 15 s

^{*)} When the VSD module is activated, only 4 SQM4.../SQM9... actuators can be controlled!



Attention!

The maximum safety time in the parameter set is set as follows ex works:

Parameter set	Gas	Oil
LMV50	10 s	10 s
Europe	3 s	5 s
US / Canada	10 s	15 s

On the OEM access level, it is possible to make parameter settings that differ from application standards. For this reason, check whether the parameter settings made are in compliance with the application standards (e.g. EN 676, EN 267, etc.), or whether the respective plant requires special approval!

Technical data			
LMV5	Mains voltage	AC 120 V	AC 230 V
		-15% / +10%	-15% / +10%
	Note!		
	Only for use in earthed network	ks!	
	<u> </u>		ACCE 220
	Transformer - Primary side	AGG5.210 AC 120 V	AGG5.220 AC 230 V
	- Secondary side 1	AC 12 V AC 12 V	AC 230 V AC 12 V
	- Secondary side 2	2 x AC 12 V	2 x AC 12 V
	Mains frequency	50 / 60 Hz ±6%	50 / 60 Hz ±6%
	Power consumption	<30 W (typically)	<30 W (typically)
	Safety class	I, with parts accord DIN EN 60730-1	
	Terminal loading «Inputs»		
	Perm. mains primary fuse (externally)	Max. 16 AT	Max. 16 AT
	Unit fuse F1 (internally)	6.3 AT to DIN EN 60127 2/5	6.3 AT to DIN EN 60127 2/5
	Mains supply: Input current depend	ling on operating state of	of the unit
	Undervoltage	· -	
	 Safety shutdown from operating position at mains voltage 	<ac 96="" td="" v<=""><td><ac 186="" td="" v<=""></ac></td></ac>	<ac 186="" td="" v<=""></ac>
	Restart on rise in mains voltage	>AC 100 V	>AC 188 V
	Oil pump / magnetic clutch (nominal voltage)		
	 Nominal current 	1,6 A	2 A
	Power factor	Cosφ >0.4	Cosφ >0.4
	Air pressure switch test valve (nominal voltage)		
	 Nominal current 	0.5 A	0.5 A
	Power factor	Cosφ >0.4	Cosφ >0.4
	Status inputs (KRN): Status inputs (with contact feedback network (CFN) are us related input voltage Input safety loop		on and require mains-
	 Input currents and input voltages 	TOTOL TO «TOTTIMIA	loading outputo"
	- UeMax	UN +10%	UN +10%
	- UeMin	UN -15%	UN -15%
	- IeMax	1.5 mA peak	1.5 mA peak
	- IeMin	0.7 mA peak	0.7 mA peak
	 Contact material recommendation for external signal sources (LP, DWmin, DWmax, etc.) Transition / settling behavior / 	Gold-plated silver o	ontacts
	bounce - Perm. bounce time of contacts	Max. 50 ms	
	when switching on / off	(after the bounce till stay closed or oper	me, the contact must
	• UN	AC 120 V	AC 230 V
	 Voltage detection 		
	- On Off	AC 90132 V <ac 40="" td="" v<=""><td>AC 180253 V <ac 80="" td="" v<=""></ac></td></ac>	AC 180253 V <ac 80="" td="" v<=""></ac>
	Terminal loading «Outputs»		
	Total contact loading:		
	(nominal voltage)		
	 Unit input current (safety loop) total contact current from: Fan motor contactor Ignition transformer 	I Max. 5 A	Max. 5 A
	ValvesOil pump / magnetic clutch		***************************************

Individual contact loading:		
Fan motor contactor		
 Nominal voltage 	AC 120 V	AC 230 V
 Nominal current 	1 A	1 A
Power factor	Cosφ >0.4	Cosφ >0.4
Alarm output (nominal voltage)		
 Nominal current 	1 A	1 A
Power factor	Cosφ >0.4	Cosφ >0.4
Ignition transformer (nominal voltage)		
 Nominal current 	1.6 A	2 A
Power factor	Cosφ >0.2	Cosφ >0.2
Gas valves-gas (nominal voltage)		
 Nominal current 	1.6 A	2 A
Power factor	Cosφ >0.4	Cosφ >0.4
Oil valves-oil (nominal voltage)		
 Nominal current 	1.6 A	1 A
Power factor	Cosφ >0.4	Cosφ >0.4
Cable lengths		
 Mains line 	Max. 100 m	Max. 100 m
	(100 pF/m)	(100 pF/m)
 HCFN line 	Max. 100 m	Max. 100 m
	(100 pF/m) ¹⁾	(100 pF/m) ¹⁾
 Analog line 	Max. 100 m	Max. 100 m
	(100 pF/m)	(100 pF/m)
 Flame detector 	Refer to chapter «Te	echnical Data / Flame
	supervision»	
 CAN bus 	Total lengths max. 1	00 m



Note!

1) If the cable length exceeds 50 m, additional loads must not be connected to the status inputs (refer to «Power supply for the LMV5…»)!

Above a certain cable length, the actuators must be powered by a separate transformer installed near the actuators.

Cross-sectional areas

The cross-sectional areas of the mains power lines (L, N, PE) and, if required, the safety loop (safety limit thermostat, water shortage, etc.) must be sized for nominal currents according to the selected external primary fuse. The cross-sectional areas of the other cables must be sized in accordance with the internal unit fuse (max. 6.3 AT).

-	
Min. cross-sectional area	0.75 mm ²
	(single- or multi-core to VDE 0100)

Cable insulation must meet the relevant temperature requirements and conform to the environmental conditions. The CAN (bus) cables have been specified by Siemens and can be ordered as accessory items. Other cables must not be used. If this is not observed, the EMC characteristics of the LMV5... will be unpredictable!

Fuses used in the LMV5		
- F1	6.3 AT DIN EN 60127 2/5	6.3 AT DIN EN 60127 2/5
- F2	4 AT GMD-4A	4 AT DIN EN 60127 2/5
- F3	4 AT GMD-4A	4 AT DIN EN 60127 2/5

Technical data (cont'd)

AZL5	Operating voltage	AC 24 V -15% / +1	0%	
	Power consumption	<5 W (typically)		
	Degree of protection of housing			
	- Rear	IP00 to IEC 529		
	- Front	IP54 to IEC 529 w	hen installed	
	Safety class	I, with parts accord	ding to II and III to	
		DIN EN 60730-1		
	Battery:			
	Supplier	Type reference		
	VARTA	CR 2430 (LF-1/2 V	V)	
	DURACELL	DL 2430		
	SANYO ELECTRIC, Osaka / Japan	CR 2430 (LF-1/2 V	V)	
	RENATA AG, Itingen / CH	CR 2430		
PLL52	Mains voltage «X89-01»	AC 120 V	AC 230 V	
		-15% / +10%	-15% / +10%	
	Safety class	I, with parts accord	ling to II	
		to DIN EN 60730-1	<u> </u>	
	Mains frequency	50 / 60 Hz ±6%	50 / 60 Hz ±6%	
	Power consumption	Approx. 4 VA	Approx. 4 VA	
	Degree of protection	IP54, housing closed		
	Cable lengths / cross-sectional areas:	Screw terminals up	o to 2.5 mm²	
	Cable lengths	≤10 m to QGO20		
	•			
	Cross-sectional areas	escription, twisted pair		
	Analog inputs:			
	Supply air temperature sensor	Pt1000 / LG-Ni100	0	
	Flue gas temperature sensor	Pt1000 / LG-Ni100		
	• QGO20	Refer to Data Shee		
	 Interface 	Communication bu	is for LMV52	
AGG5.2	Transformer AGG5.220			
	- Primary side	AC 230 V		
	- Secondary side	AC 12 V (3x)		
	Transformer AGG5.210	, ,		
	- Primary side	AC 120 V		
	- Secondary side	AC 12 V (3x)		
NAN bus bl		. ,		
CAN bus cable	Cable types:	0 " " 0 0		
DAN bus cable		8 mm dia. ±0.2 mm		
DAN bus cable	AGG5.641			
JAN Sus Cable		Bending radius ≥1	20 mm	
SAN BUS CABIC		Bending radius ≥1. Ambient temperati	20 mm ure -30+70 °C	
SAN BUS CABIC		Bending radius ≥1 Ambient temperati (no movements of	20 mm ure -30+70 °C cable)	
SAN BUS CABIC		Bending radius ≥1. Ambient temperation (no movements of Cable is resistant to	20 mm ure -30+70 °C	
SAN BUS CABIC		Bending radius ≥1 Ambient temperati (no movements of	20 mm ure -30+70 °C cable) to almost all types of	
SAN BUS CABIC	AGG5.641	Bending radius ≥1. Ambient temperation (no movements of Cable is resistant to mineral oil	20 mm ure -30+70 °C cable) to almost all types of	
SAN BUS CABIC	AGG5.641	Bending radius ≥1. Ambient temperatu (no movements of Cable is resistant t mineral oil 7.5 mm dia. ±0.2 m	20 mm ure -30+70 °C cable) to almost all types of nm 13 mm	
SAN BUS CABIC	AGG5.641	Bending radius ≥1. Ambient temperatu (no movements of Cable is resistant temperal oil 7.5 mm dia. ±0.2 m Bending radius ≥1	20 mm ure -30+70 °C cable) to almost all types of nm 13 mm ure -30+70 °C	
SAN BUS CABIC	AGG5.641	Bending radius ≥1. Ambient temperate (no movements of Cable is resistant to mineral oil 7.5 mm dia. ±0.2 m Bending radius ≥1 Ambient temperate (no movements of	20 mm ure -30+70 °C cable) to almost all types of nm 13 mm ure -30+70 °C	



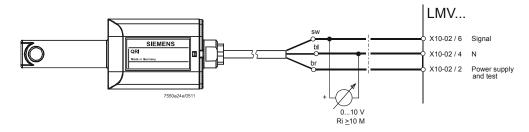
Note:

All measured voltages refer to connection terminal N (X10–02, pin 4).

QRI (suited for continuous operation)

Supply voltage operation / test at	Approx. DC 14 / 21 V
terminal POWER QRI (X10-02, pin 2)	
Minimum signal voltage required at	Min. DC 3,5 V
terminal FSV / QRI (X10-02, pin 6)	Display flame approx. 50 %

Connection diagram



For detailed information, refer to Data Sheet N7719.

IONIZATION (suited for continuous operation)

No-load voltage at terminal ION (X10–	Approx. UMains
03, pin 1)	



Caution!

The ionization probe must be installed such that protection against electrical shock hazard is ensured!

Short-circuit current	Max. AC 0,5 mA
Required detector current	Min. DC 6 μA
	Display flame approx. 50 %
	(at factory setting of StandardFactor)
	parameter)
Possible detector current	Max. DC 85 μA
	Display flame approx. 100 %
	(at factory setting of StandardFactor)
	parameter)
Permissible length of detector cable	100 m
(lay separately)	(wire-earth 100 pF/m)



Note!

The greater the detector cable capacitance (cable length), the lower the voltage at the ionizations probe and, therefore, the lower the detector current. In the case of extensive cable lengths and high-resistance flames, it may be necessary to use low-capacitance cables (e.g. ignition cable). The electronic circuit is designed such that impacts of the ignition spark on the ionization current will be largely eliminated. Nevertheless, it must be ensured that the minimum detector current required will already be reached during the ignition phase. If that is not the case, the connections of the ignition transformer on the primary side must be changed and / or the location of the electrodes also.

QRA2... / QRA4.U / QRA10... with AGQ1.xA27

For intermittent operation only.





AGQ1... is only available for AC 230 V mains voltage.

QRA...

Power supply in operation	DC 280325 V	
Power supply in test mode	DC 350450 V	



Attention!

Note!

In order to ensure that a higher voltage is supplied to the UV cell for the extraneous light test in phase 21 (via fan output X3-01 pin 1), parameter MinTmeStartRel (minimum time for phase 21) must be parameterized to at least 5 seconds.

For more detailed information about QRA2... / QRA10..., refer to Data Sheet N7712. For more detailed information about QRA4.U, refer to Data Sheet N7711.



Caution!

QRA2... (QRA4.U / QRA10... must not be used when extraneous light suppression is activated since detector tests will not be made in that case!

LMV5...

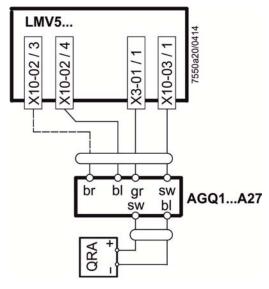
Possible ionization current	Max. 10 μA
Ionization current required	Min. 6 µA

AGQ1.xA27

In connection with the LMV5..., ancillary unit AGQ1.xA27 must be used.

Power supply	AC 230 V
Possible current	Max. 500 μA
Current required	Min. 200 μA

Connection diagram



Assignment of LMV5...terminals:

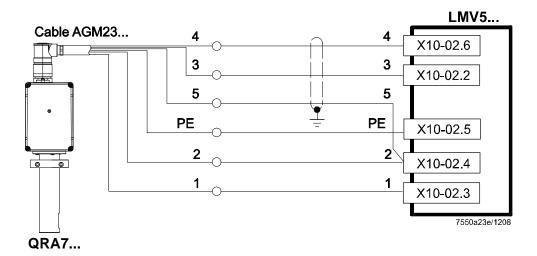
X10-02 pin 3 L X10-02 pin 4 Ν X10-03 pin 1 Ionization X3-01 pin 1 Fan

Code of color br = brownbl = blue sw = black gr = grey (old: rt = red)

When laid together with other cables (e.g. in a cable duct), the length of the 2-core cable between QRA... and AGQ... must not exceed 20 m. A maximum cable length of 100 m is permitted if the 2-core cable is run at a distance of at least 5 cm from other live cables. The length of the 4-core cable between AGQ... and LMV5... is limited to 20 m. A maximum cable length of 100 m is permitted if the signal line (ionization / black) is not run in the same cable but separately at a distance of at least 5 cm from other live cables.

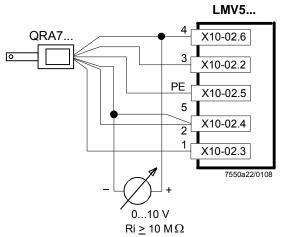
QRA7... (suited for continuous operation)

Power supply for operation - QRA73A17 / QRA75A17 AC 120 V AC 230 V - QRA73A27 / QRA75A27 Power supply for test via increasing the From DC 14 V up to DC 21 V power supply for QRI... (X10-02 pin 2) Required signal voltage Min. DC 3.5 V (X10-02 pin 6) Perm. length of detector cable - 6 wire cable Max. 10 - Signal cable no. 3, 4 and 5 Max. 100 m (lay separately from L, N and PE in shielded cable)



For more detailed information about QRA7..., refer to Data Sheet N7712.

Connection diagram



Assignment of LMV5... terminals:

X10-02 pin 2 QRI... supply X10-02 pin 3 L X10-02 pin 4 N X10-02 pin 5 PE X10-02 pin 6 QRI... signal

QRB... (for intermittent operation only)

No-load voltage at the QRB terminal (X10–02, pin 1)	Approx. DC 8 V
Detector current required (with flame)	Min. DC 30 μA Display flame 35 % (at factory setting of StandardFactor) parameter)
Permissible detector current (dark current with no flame)	Max. DC 5 μA
Permissible detector current	Max. DC 70 μA Display flame approx. 100 % (at factory setting of <i>StandardFactor</i>) parameter)
Permissible length of QRB detector cable (lay separately)	100 m (wire-wire 100 pF/m)



Note!

A detector resistance value of RF <5 k Ω is identified as a short-circuit and, in operation, will lead to safety shutdown as if loss of flame had occurred. Measurement of the voltage at terminal QRB... during burner operation gives a clear indication: If voltage drops below 1 V, safety shutdown will probably occur. For that reason, before using a highly sensitive photoresistive flame detector (QRB1B, QRB3S), it should be checked whether such a detector is really required! Increasing line capacitance between the QRB... terminal and mains live «L» adversely affects the sensitivity and increases the risk of damaged flame detectors due to mains overvoltages. Separate routing of detector cables as specified in Data Sheet 7714 must be observed.

For more detailed information, refer to Data Sheet N7714.



Caution!

Flame detectors QRB... must not be used when extraneous light suppression is activated since detector tests are not made in that case (parameter *ExtranLightTest* = deactivated)!



Caution!

Observe the relevant standards and regulations (e.g. extra supervision of the combustion chamber temperature)!

Flame signal display AZL5

The following applies in general to the **flame signal display** (AZL5 display and operating unit):

The percentages values listed above result from the factory setting of the parameter *Standardize* (standardization of flame signal display).

The display is subject to various component tolerances, with the result that deviations of ± 10 % are perfectly possible.

It should furthermore be noted that for physical reasons, there is no linear connection between the display and detector signal values.

This is especially apparent in supervision of ionization.

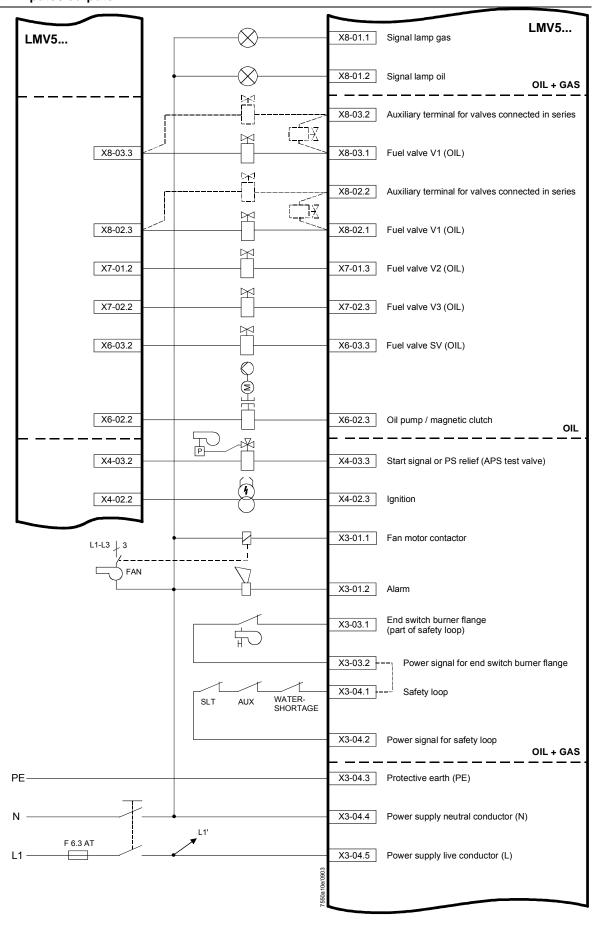
Environmental conditions (all LMV5... components)

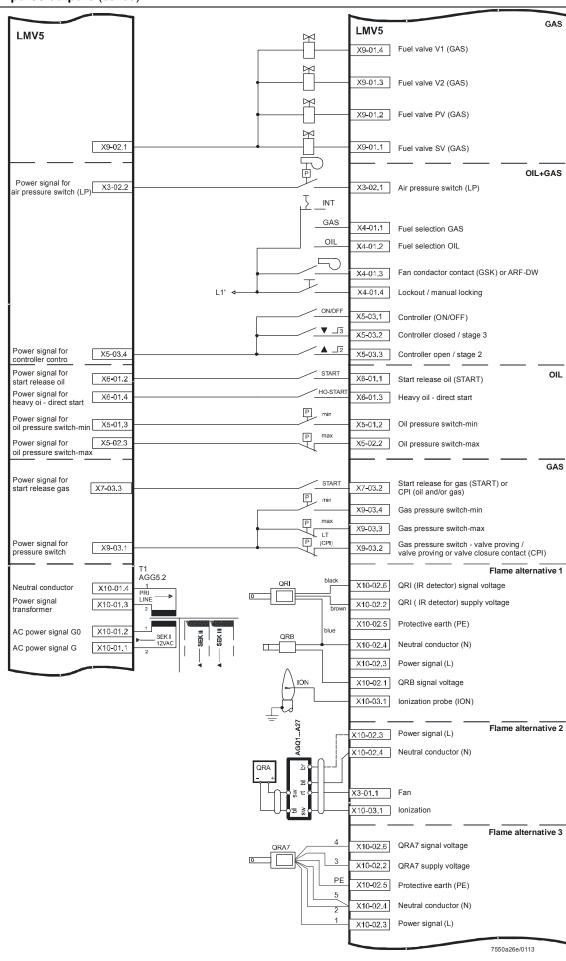
Storage	DIN EN 60721-3-1
•	
Climatic conditions	Class 1K3
Mechanical conditions	Class 1M2
Temperature range	-20+60 °C
Humidity	<95% r.h.
Transport	DIN EN 60721-3-2
Climatic conditions	Class 2K2
Mechanical conditions	Class 2M2
Temperature range	-20+60 °C
Humidity	<95% r.h.
Operation	DIN EN 60721-3-3
Climatic conditions	Class 3K3
Mechanical conditions	Class 3M3
Temperature range	-20+60 °C
Humidity	<95% r.h.



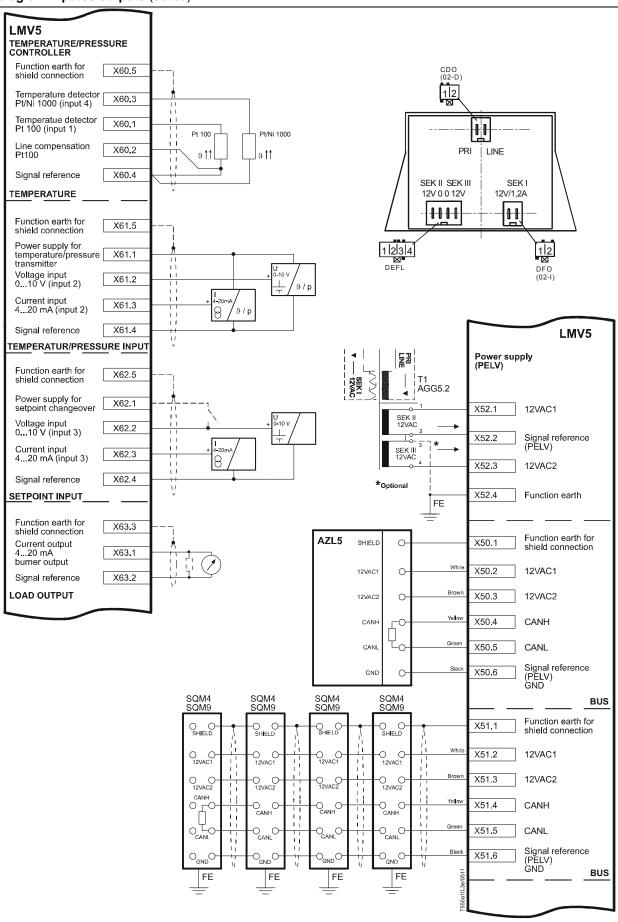
Caution!

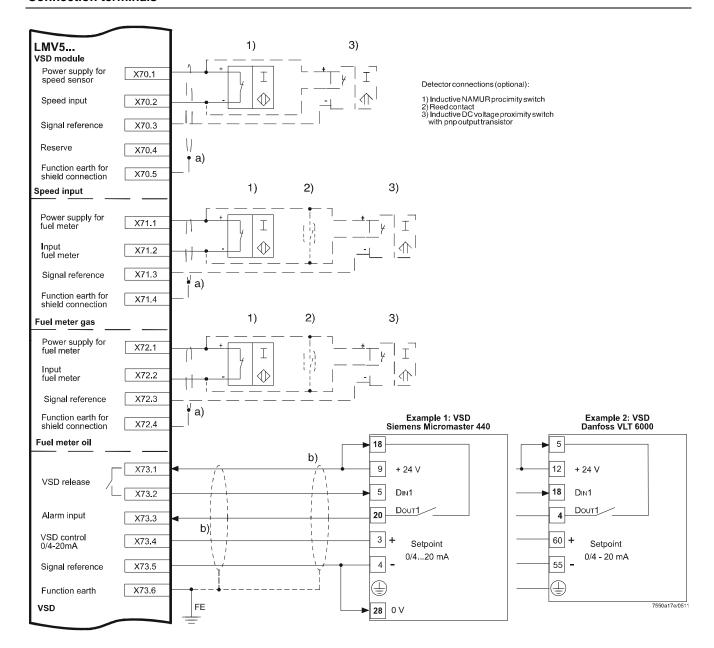
Condensation, formation of ice and ingress of water are not permitted!





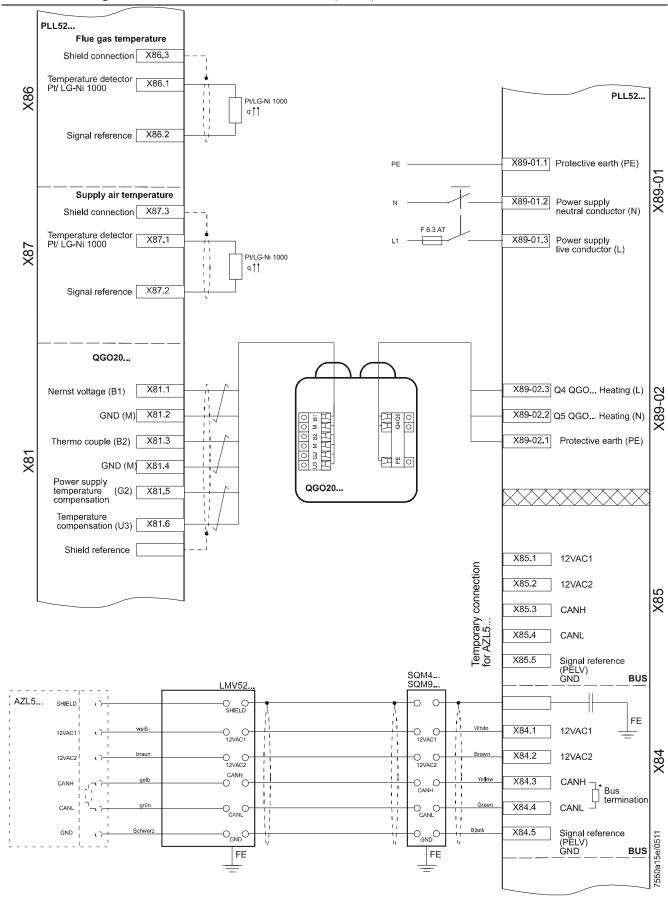
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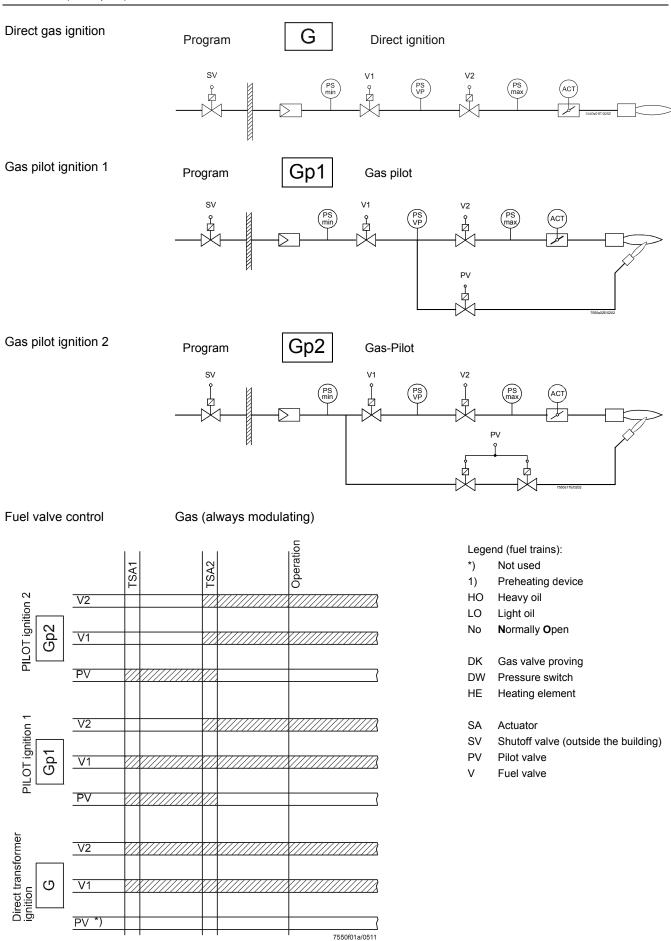




Shielding:

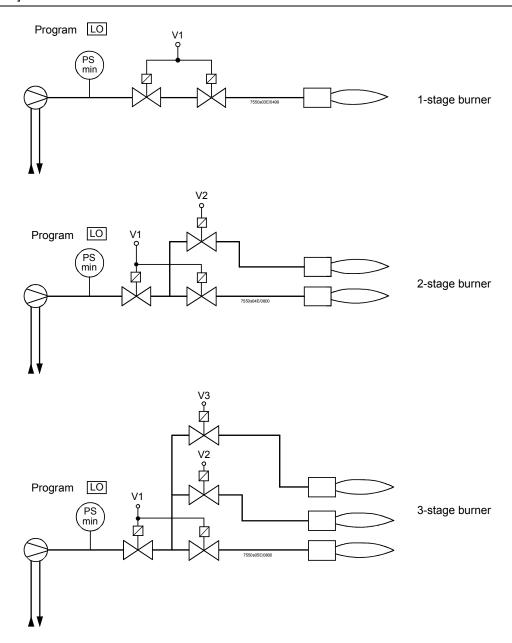
- a) Optional shield connection for rough environmental conditions
- b) Alternative connection of VSD, refer to documentation of used VSD



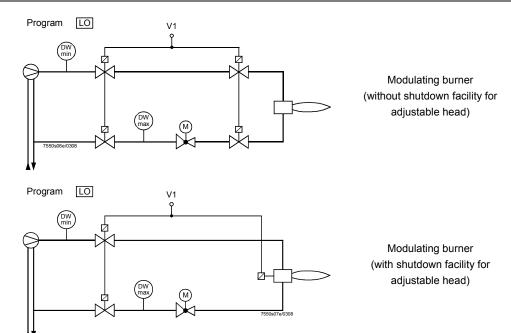


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Direct ignition with light oil, multistage

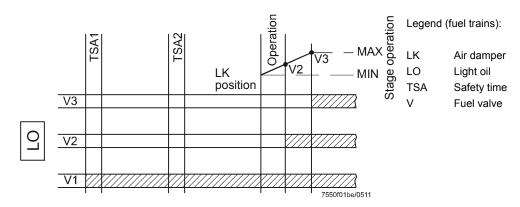


Direct ignition with light oil, modulating

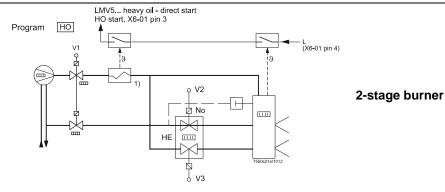


Fuel valve control

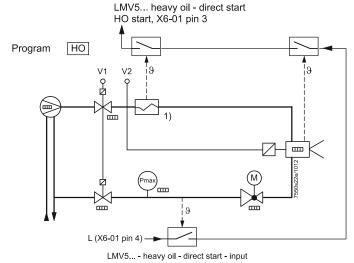
Light oil (direct transformer ignition)



Direct ignition with heavy oil, multistage



Direct ignition with heavy oil, modulating



Modulating burner

Circulation from phase 38, max. 45 s, as soon as heavy oil direct start = ON in phase 38:

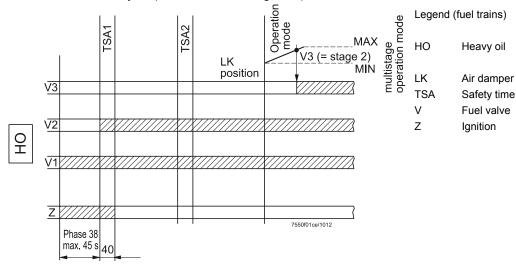
→ phase change in phase 40

Heavy oil direct start = OFF at the end of phase 38

→ repetition (max. 3 times in total)

Fuel valve control

Heavy oil (direct transformer ignition)





Note on dual-fuel burner!

Gas trains **G**, **Gp1** and **Gp2** ¹⁾ can be randomly combined with oil trains **LO** and **HO** for operation with dual-fuel burners since these fuel trains operate independently.



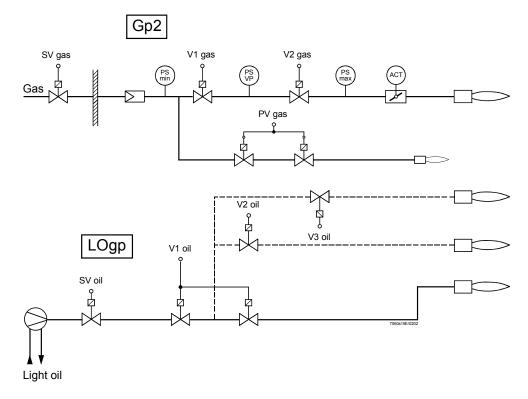
Caution!

Oil trains LOgp and HOgp are designed for ignition with a gas pilot. They must only be combined with a special gas train Gp2 for operation with a dual-fuel burner.

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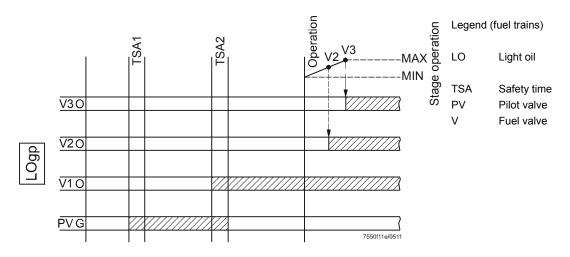
¹⁾ With **Gp2** permitted with HW 01.C0, SW V01.40 or higher.

Dual-fuel burner gas / light oil with gas pilot ignition

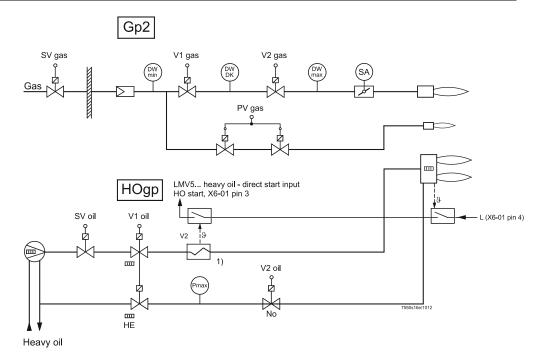


Fuel valve control

Light oil (with gas pilot ignition)

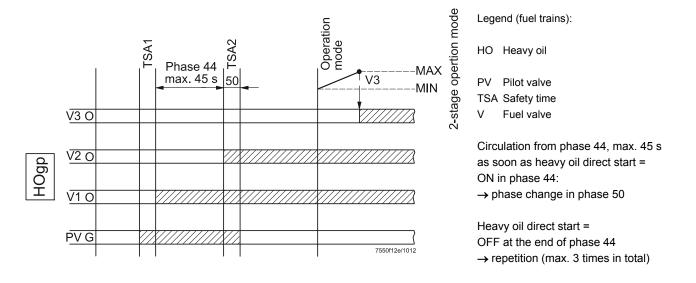


Dual-fuel burner gas / heavy oil with gas pilot ignition



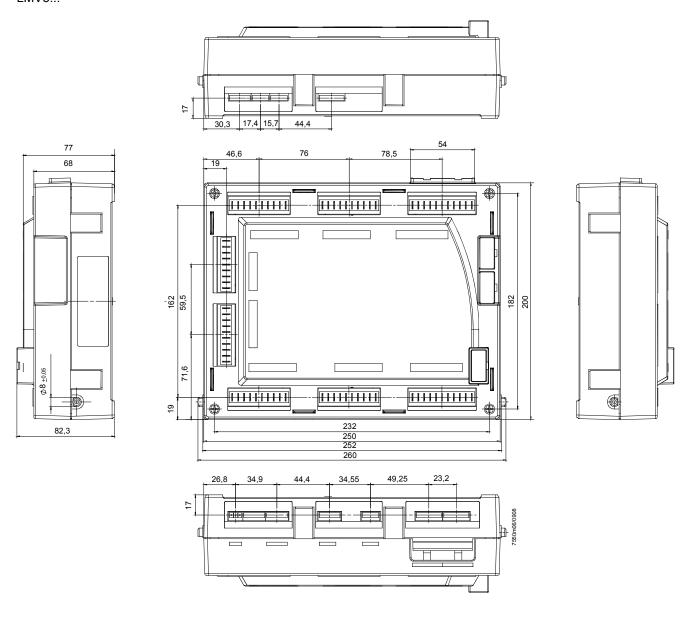
Fuel valve control

Heavy oil (with gas pilot ignition)

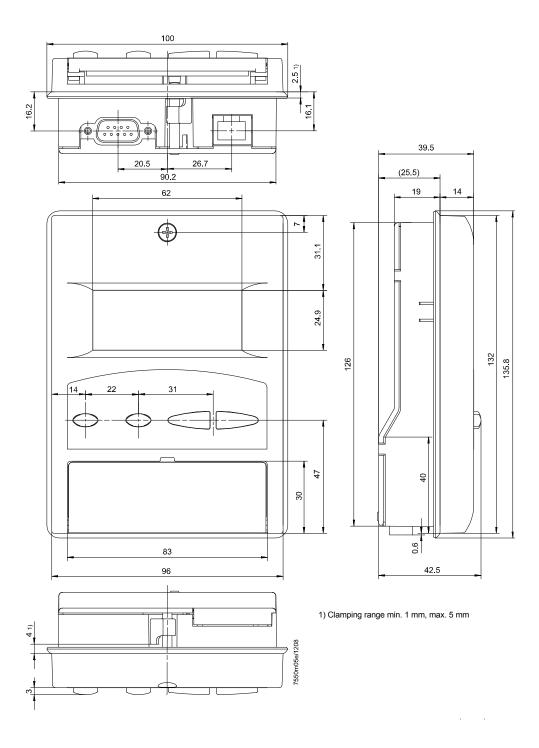


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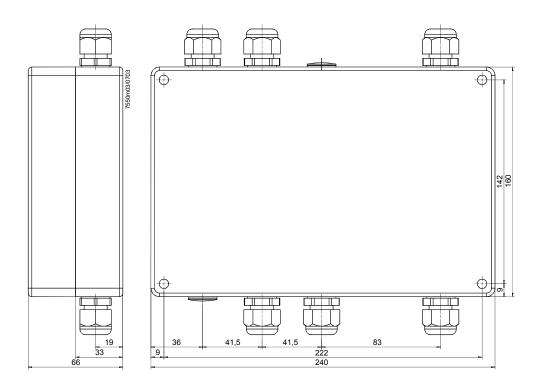
LMV5...



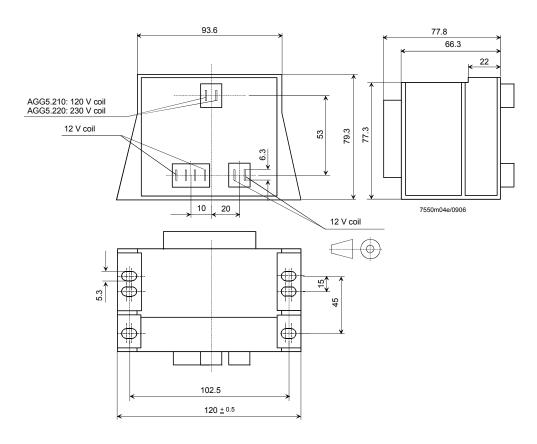
AZL5...



PLL52...



AGG5.210.../ AGG5.220...



UV ancillary unit AGQ1.xA27

